

科目 ..

統計學

第一題 ..

(I) Let X_1, \dots, X_n be iid $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ random variables.

(30%)

- (i) Consider estimation of σ^2 when μ is unknown.
 - (a) Derive the minimum risk equivariant estimator of σ^2 under the group of location-scale transformations ($X' = a + bX$, a is real, and $b > 0$) and the loss function $L(d, \theta) = \{(d - \theta)^2 / \theta^2\}$.
 - (b) Compare the performance of this MRE estimator with those of UMVUE (uniform minimum variance unbiased estimator) and MLE (maximum likelihood estimator) by the expected value of $L(d, \theta)$ given in (a).
- (ii) If σ^2 is known (given), let the UMVUE of $p = P(X_1 \leq t)$ be $\delta_1 = \Phi(\{n/(n-1)\}^{1/2}(t - \bar{X}))$, and let $\delta_2 = n^{-1}\{\text{No. of } X_i \leq t\}$. Compute the values of the asymptotic relative efficiency of δ_2 relative to δ_1 in estimating p .

第二題 ..

(II) Let (X_1, \dots, X_s) and Y have finite second moments, $\gamma_i = \text{Cov}(X_i, Y)$ and Σ be the positive definite covariance matrix of the X_i 's.

(20%)

- (i) Define the multiple correlation coefficient between Y and the vector (X_1, \dots, X_s) , and give its expression.
- (ii) Let $I(\theta)$ be the Fisher information (matrix) for the vector parameter $\theta = (\theta_1, \dots, \theta_s)$. Assume the family $\{p_\theta(x): \theta \in \Theta, \text{ a convex open region in } \mathbb{R}^s\}$ of pdf has common support in x , and the partial derivatives $\partial p_\theta(x) / \partial \theta_i, i = 1, \dots, s$, exist; also differentiation under integral signs are legitimate, and $I(\theta)$ is positive definite. If $\delta(X)$ is any estimator of a functional $g(\theta)$ with finite second moment. Show that it follows from (i) that

$$\text{Var}_\theta \delta(X) \geq \alpha' I^{-1}(\theta) \alpha \text{ where } \alpha' = (\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_s) \text{ with } \alpha_i = \partial E_\theta \{ \delta(X) \} / \partial \theta_i.$$

第三題

(20%) 設樣本 X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n 來自 p.d.f 或 p.m.f. 為 $f(\cdot; \theta)$ 之母體, $\theta \in \Theta \subseteq \mathbb{R}$. 令 $X = (X_1, \dots, X_n)$. 設 $\{f(\cdot; \theta) \mid \theta \in \Theta\}$ 對統計量 $T(X)$ 具 MLR (monotone likelihood ratio). 現考慮 $H_0: \theta \leq \theta_0$ 對 $H_1: \theta > \theta_0$, 其中 θ_0 已知. 令

$$\Phi(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{若 } T(x) > K \\ d & \text{若 } T(x) = K \\ 0 & \text{若 } T(x) < K \end{cases}$$

其中 d, K 使 Φ 的大小 (size) 為 α .

證明: Φ 是大小為 α 的 UMP 檢定.

第四題

設樣本 X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n 來自分配函數 (d.f.) 為 F 之母體. 令 $X_{(1)} < X_{(2)} < \dots < X_{(n)}$ 為順序統計量, \hat{F}_n 為經驗分配函數 (empirical d.f.), 即 $\hat{F}_n(x) = (\text{X}_1, \dots, \text{X}_n \text{ 中 } \leq x \text{ 的個數}) / n$.

(30%) (1) 證明: $P[X_{(k)} > x] = P[n \hat{F}_n(x) \leq k-1]$

(80%) (2) 證明: $t < F(x) \Rightarrow P[\hat{F}_n(x) \leq t] \leq (t - F(x))^{-4} \cdot E(\hat{F}_n(x) - F(x))^4 \leq (t - F(x))^{-4} \cdot \frac{A}{n^2}$
 $t > F(x) \Rightarrow P[\hat{F}_n(x) \geq t] \leq (t - F(x))^{-4} \cdot \frac{A}{n^2}$
 其中 A 是常數. (可利用下列結果, $X \sim b(n, p) \Rightarrow E(X - np)^4 = 3(npq)^2 + npq(1 - 6pq)$, 而 $q = 1 - p$.)

令 $D_n = \sup_x |\hat{F}_n(x) - F(x)|$. 又設 F 是區間 $(0, 1)$ 上均勻分配之 d.f.

(80%) (3) 證明: $D_n = \max \left\{ \max_{1 \leq k \leq n} \left| X_{(k)} - \frac{k}{n} \right|, \max_{1 \leq k \leq n} \left| X_{(k)} - \frac{k-1}{n} \right| \right\}$

(80%) (4) 證明: $P \left[\max_{1 \leq k \leq n} \left| X_{(k)} - \frac{k}{n} \right| > \varepsilon \right] \leq \frac{C}{n}$, 其中 C 是常數.